

Appendix A: Barriers to receiving general medical care. ^a		
	n	%
...You couldn't get through on the telephone	60	22
...You couldn't get an appointment soon enough.	89	33
...Once you get there, you have to wait too long to see a doctor?	66	24
...The (clinic/doctor's) office wasn't open when you could get there.	40	15
...You didn't have transportation.	73	27
...You did not have health insurance or could not afford to receive care?	67	25
...You were concerned that you would be treated differently because of your mental illness.	39	16
More than one barrier	108	40
^a Each question was prefaced by "There are many reasons people delay getting physical medical care. Have you delayed getting care for any of the following reasons in the past 12 months."		

Appendix B: Non-imputed data logistic regression analysis results for association of medical care delay and blood pressure ^a and Hemoglobin A1C. ^a			
	Abnormal HbA1C (n=105)		
	AOR	95% CI	p
Care Delay	3.42	1.01-11.56	.048
Female (reference: male)	.90	.32-2.60	.851
Age ^b	1.10	.64-1.89	.724
Education (reference: less than high school)			
HS Diploma/GED	1.51	.46-4.99	.495
College	.25	.06-1.09	.065
Race (reference: white)			
Black	2.72	.75-9.90	.128
Other	3.51	0.66-18.62	.140
Clinical Diagnosis (reference: schizophrenia)			
Bipolar	.91	.21-3.92	.902
Depression	.76	.13-4.52	.761
Psychosis NOS	1.56	.08-31.17	.759
Employment (reference: unemployed)			
Employed	1.83	.28-12.22	.532
Receipt of preventive care (reference: none)			
At a public clinic	.04	.00-0.47	.010
HMO or private	.26	.04-1.86	.180
Other	.09	.00-2.08	.131
Taking antipsychotic (reference: no)			
Yes	2.36	.74-7.54	.148
Diabetes Diagnosis (reference: no)			
Yes	8.24	1.91-35.62	.005
^b Abnormal HbA1C defined as ≥ 5.7 mg/dL			
^d Continuous variable of age was entered in 10-year units.			